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This publication was prepared to commemorate 60 years (1960–2020) of bibliologic student's science club – Koło Naukowe Bibliotekoznawców of the University of Wrocław. This is a way to replace a conference that could not be held due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The title of this publication is a direct reference to the title of the lecture by professor Krzysztof Migoń – doyen of Polish bibliography and also founding member and first chairman of Koło Naukowe Bibliotekoznawców of the University of Wrocław. The phrase “book always present” is a metaphor of book – land, “which pages turn the pilgrim's feet” – which is a timeless and omnipresent “perfect tool for communication in time and space”. The content of the publication consists of 5 texts.

A chapter by **Jakub Maciej Łubocki** (University of Wrocław) presents the sources of information about Koło Naukowe Bibliotekoznawców of the University of Wrocław in archives and publications. The main source of information are unpublished archive materials stored in Archives of the University of Wrocław. Work on the chapter made it possible to compile the list of science club's members with their number, the list of executive board's members and the list of science club's tutors. These lists are incomplete due to lacks in documentation.

A chapter by **Wojciech Sierżęga** (University of Wrocław) describes how the Koło Naukowe Bibliotekoznawców of the University of Wrocław won the first place on Giełda Kół Naukowych (student's science clubs festival) in 2015. It happened thanks to the board game “Bibliopoly”, referring to the popular game “Monopoly”, but placed in the universe of the book. The game, later presented many times, always surprises with the box and the board which do not differ in quality from those used in professional games available in shops. The chapter describes the conception of the game, work on the game design, its implementation, as well as the first presentation of the game to an audience.

A chapter by **Tomasz Dziurdzia** (University of Wrocław) presents a scientometrics analysis of master's theses defended at the Library and Information Science Institute at the University of Wrocław in the years 1961–2014. The basic linguistic (including word frequency) analysis and analysis of the titles of theses have shown that bibliographies can be a source of information about the specificity and research profile of a scientific affiliate. It was also established that the two main areas of research of the MA seminars at the Institute are descriptive bibliography and library science.

A chapter by **Hanna Gawel** (Jagiellonian University) is documenting the last period of activity of Koło Naukowe Bibliotekoznawców at the University of Kazimierz Wielki in Bydgoszcz in the years 2008–2019. This student's science club established in 1974 always enabled the development of talents and passions of librarians who, as students, actively participated in conferences and popularized the field of study among the community of the Kuyavia and Pomerania, and today they are successful in the professional and scientific fields.

A chapter by **Paulina Korneluk** (University of Wrocław) shows the unrealized concepts of the expansion and modernization of Zamość from the begin-

ning of the 19th century, seen through the prism of the potential city-forming role of the library, because the construction of its building has always been the focal point of these concepts. This building was planned to contain the book collection and archives of the Zamoyski and Ossoliński families. The city, cultivating academic and humanistic traditions, was to become a cultural and educational center of nation – while in the historiography and art history of Zamość, the Library of Zamoyski Academy is not given a proper place, its importance is underestimated, despite the fact that over the centuries it has shaped the intellectual city myth.